### Wisconsin Petroleum Use, by Economic Sector

#### 1970-2010 TRILLIONS OF BTU AND PERCENT OF TOTAL

Year	Resid	dential	Comr	nercial	Indu	strial	Agric	ulturala	Transpo	ortation	Electr	ic Utility	Total	Total End Use
1970	107.9	23.6%	31.5	6.9%	21.1	4.6%	18.1	4.0%	271.2	59.3%	7.9	1.7%	457.7	449.8
1975	87.6	18.4%	27.5	5.8%	19.3	4.1%	18.8	4.0%	314.0	66.1%	7.8	1.6%	475.0	467.2
1980	71.2	15.7%	14.6	3.2%	13.2	2.9%	21.4	4.7%	329.2	72.4%	4.8	1.1%	454.4	449.6
1985	51.7	12.5%	16.0	3.9%	9.4	2.3%	19.2	4.7%	314.4	76.3%	1.4	0.3%	412.0	410.7
1990	42.6	9.6%	15.0	3.4%	22.1	5.0%	16.0	3.6%	347.7	78.2%	1.0	0.2%	444.4	443.4
1995	40.8	8.6%	13.4	2.8%	18.5	3.9%	15.6	3.3%	384.2	81.2%	0.8	0.2%	473.4	472.5
1996	43.5	8.9%	14.2	2.9%	20.9	4.3%	15.9	3.3%	393.1	80.5%	0.9	0.2%	488.5	487.6
1997	40.5	8.2%	13.1	2.7%	20.8	4.2%	15.3	3.1%	401.5	81.5%	1.6	0.3%	492.7	491.2
1998	33.9	6.9%	10.8	2.2%	19.1	3.9%	14.5	3.0%	411.3	83.7%	1.8	0.4%	491.4	489.6
1999	36.6	7.2%	11.7	2.3%	21.2	4.2%	15.0	2.9%	422.2	83.0%	2.0	0.4%	508.6	506.6
2000	38.8	7.7%	12.1	2.4%	20.5	4.1%	14.4	2.9%	416.0	82.6%	1.6	0.3%	503.5	501.9
2001	36.7	7.3%	11.6	2.3%	25.0	4.9%	14.0	2.8%	417.5	82.5%	1.3	0.3%	505.9	504.6
2002	38.0	7.4%	11.8	2.3%	19.3	3.7%	14.4	2.8%	430.1	83.4%	2.1	0.4%	515.6	513.5
2003r	37.3	7.4%	10.6	2.1%	8.7	1.7%	14.5	2.9%	430.3	85.6%	1.3	0.3%	502.7	501.5
2004r	36.6	7.1%	9.8	1.9%	10.8	2.1%	14.0	2.7%	438.7	85.8%	1.5	0.3%	511.4	509.9
2005r	34.5	6.9%	13.3	2.7%	18.2	3.6%	13.6	2.7%	417.9	83.7%	1.8	0.4%	499.2	497.4
2006 <sup>r</sup>	35.3	7.2%	10.5	2.1%	16.6	3.4%	17.2	3.5%	412.5	83.6%	1.4	0.3%	493.5	492.1
2007 <sup>r</sup>	32.8	6.6%	10.7	2.1%	18.5	3.7%	19.0	3.8%	415.2	83.4%	1.9	0.4%	498.1	496.2
2008r	32.5	7.2%	11.8	2.6%	13.4	3.0%	17.9	4.0%	372.6	82.9%	1.1	0.2%	449.3	448.2
2009 <sup>r</sup>	29.4	6.9%	10.6	2.5%	7.4	1.8%	21.6	5.1%	354.4	83.6%	0.6	0.1%	423.9	423.4
2010 <sup>p</sup>	25.5	6.0%	8.0	1.9%	5.3	1.2%	18.4	4.4%	366.2	86.4%	0.5	0.1%	423.8	423.3

OVERALL PETROLEUM USE **STAYED LEVEL** 

Overall petroleum use, measured in British thermal units (Btu), stayed level between 2009 and 2010. Most of the petroleum is used in the Transportation sector, 86.4 percent of the petroleum used in Wisconsin was for transportation, which saw an increase of 3.3 percent.

Agriculture sector numbers do not include agricultural processing plants; these are classified in the commercial sector.

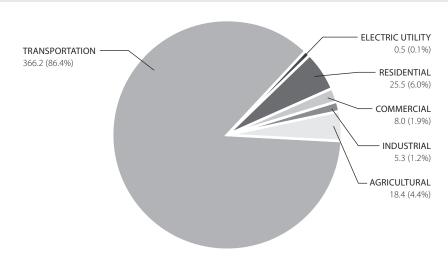
Numbers for 2003-2009 for the Residential, Commercial and Industrial sectors have been revised based on federal **Energy Information** Administration data.

Source: Wisconsin Department of Commerce, Bureau of Petroleum Inspection, Report on Petroleum Products Inspected and Delivered to Wisconsin (1970-1995); Wisconsin Department of Revenue, Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees (1996-2006) and Fuel Tax Statistical Report (1996-2010); Office of Energy Independence phone surveys of airport fixed base operators (1997-2009) and railways (1997-2010); US Department of Energy, Form EIA-782C, "Monthly Report of Petroleum Products Sold Into States for Consumption" (1983-2010); US Department of Energy, Form EIA-821 (2003-2010); unpublished data from the National Agriculture Statistics Service (2005-2010).

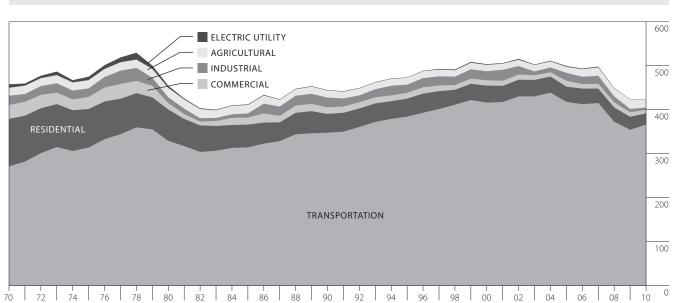
a The SEO discontinued a per-acre approach to gathering fuel data for the agriculture sector and substituted data from the Wisconsin Department of Revenue and the federal National Agriculture Statistics Service (NASS). Data from NASS were not available previous to 2005.

## Wisconsin Petroleum Use, by Economic Sector

#### 2010 TRILLIONS OF BTU AND PERCENT OF TOTAL



### 1970-2010 TRILLIONS OF BTU



Source: Wisconsin State Energy Office.

### Wisconsin Petroleum Use, in Btu, by Type of Product

#### **1970-2010** TRILLIONS OF BTU

Year	Gasoline <sup>a,b</sup>	Jet Fuel	Light Distillate	Middle Distillate	Residual Fuel Oil	LPG <sup>c</sup>	Total
1970	244.1	7.7	35.1	123.4	21.9	25.7	457.9
1975	275.4	9.8	16.9	133.5	13.3	26.0	474.9
1980	271.3	11.0	11.3	124.7	11.0	25.2	454.5
1985	254.2	8.4	13.4	110.7	2.3	23.1	412.1
1990	267.5	11.0	10.8	122.4	7.9	24.8	444.4
1995	283.3	10.6	9.8	131.3	7.6	30.9	473.4
1996	290.0	11.1	10.4	136.2	6.8	34.2	488.7
1997	294.7	11.3	10.7	137.4	6.8	31.8	492.7
1998	301.3	11.5	10.9	135.5	4.9	27.3	491.3
1999	309.2	11.8	11.4	142.0	5.0	29.4	508.8
2000	303.9	11.8	11.3	141.1	5.3	30.3	503.7
2001 <sup>r</sup>	306.3	11.5	11.4	142.2	5.6	29.2	506.2
2002	316.7	11.9	11.2	141.5	4.3	30.1	515.7
2003 <sup>r</sup>	318.6	11.6	12.0	127.0	5.9	27.7	502.8
2004 <sup>r</sup>	319.4	12.5	12.5	132.0	6.9	28.3	511.7
2005 <sup>r</sup>	309.3	14.3	11.4	128.7	8.0	27.5	499.2
2006 <sup>r</sup>	299.2	13.9	11.4	133.0	4.3	31.8	493.5
2007 <sup>r</sup>	304.3	12.8	10.3	134.8	4.6	31.3	498.1
2008 <sup>r</sup>	260.0	13.8	10.5	129.8	3.8	31.3	449.3
2009 <sup>r</sup>	257.8	11.8	9.1	111.3	0.7	33.2	423.9
2010 <sup>p</sup>	261.3	13.1	9.5	111.0	0.6	28.4	423.9

Middle distillate, which decreased by 0.3 percent since 2009, is used both as a heating fuel in furnaces and boilers, and as diesel fuel in trucks. Light distillate, which increased by 3.8 percent since 2009, includes kerosene and is primarily used as a thinner during periods of cold weather.

Source: Wisconsin Department of Commerce, Bureau of Petroleum Inspection, Report on Petroleum Products Inspected and Delivered to Wisconsin $(1970-1995); Wisconsin \ Department \ of \ Revenue, \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ (1996-2006) \ and \textit{Fuel Tax Statistical Report} \ (1996-2010); \ where \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ (1996-2006) \ and \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ (1996-2006) \ and \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ (1996-2006) \ and \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ (1996-2006) \ and \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ (1996-2006) \ and \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ (1996-2006) \ and \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ (1996-2006) \ and \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ (1996-2006) \ and \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ (1996-2006) \ and \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ (1996-2006) \ and \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ (1996-2006) \ and \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ (1996-2006) \ and \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ (1996-2006) \ and \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ (1996-2006) \ and \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ (1996-2006) \ and \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ (1996-2006) \ and \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ (1996-2006) \ and \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ (1996-2006) \ and \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ (1996-2006) \ and \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ (1996-2006) \ and \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ (1996-2006) \ and \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ (1996-2006) \ and \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ (1996-2006) \ and \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ (1996-2006) \ and \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ (1996-2006) \ and \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ (1996-2006) \ and \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ (1996-2006) \ and \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ (1996-2006) \ and \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ and \textit{Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees} \ and \textit{Collection$ U.S. Department of Energy, Form EIA-782C, "Monthly Report of Petroleum Products Sold into States for Consumption" http://www.eia.gov/oil\_gas/petroleum/data\_publications/prime\_supplier\_report/psr\_historical.html. (1983-2010); WI Office of Energy Independence telephone surveys of airport fixed base operators (1997-2009) and railways (1997-2010); unpublished expenditure data from the National Agriculture Statistics Service (2005-2010).

a Includes both vehicle and aviation gasoline.

**b** Does not include ethanol. Ethanol use in motor gasoline is shown in the Renewable Energy chapter and later in this chapter.

c Liquefied petroleum gas (propane).

**p** Preliminary estimates.

r Revised.

### Wisconsin Petroleum Use, in Gallons, by Type of Product

**GASOLINE** USE 1.4% JET FUEL 11.5%

In 2010, gasoline use increased by 1.4 percent and jet fuel increased by 11.5 percent.



LP use decreased by 14.6 percent.

#### 1970-2010 MILLIONS OF GALLONS

Year	Gasoline <sup>a,b</sup>	Jet Fuel	Light Distillate	Middle Distillate	Residual Fuel Oil	LPG <sup>c</sup>	Total
1970	1,953.0	56.7	260.2	889.7	146.2	269.0	3,574.8
1975	2,203.5	72.4	125.0	962.8	88.8	272.6	3,725.1
1980	2,170.5	81.4	83.4	899.4	73.5	264.1	3,572.3
1985	2,033.3	62.2	94.6	803.9	15.2	241.5	3,250.7
1990	2,139.5	81.6	77.4	885.8	52.2	260.2	3,496.8
1995	2,266.6	78.6	74.9	943.8	50.5	323.8	3,738.1
1996	2,319.8	82.0	77.4	982.0	45.2	357.9	3,864.3
1997	2,357.4	84.0	79.3	990.5	45.6	332.9	3,889.6
1998	2,410.3	85.0	80.8	976.6	32.8	285.9	3,871.4
1999	2,473.7	87.4	84.1	1,024.2	33.1	307.7	4,010.3
2000	2,431.2	87.0	83.9	1,017.4	35.4	317.5	3,972.3
2001	2,450.2	85.0	84.3	1,025.6	37.2	306.1	3,988.4
2002	2,533.7	88.2	82.9	1,020.3	28.8	314.7	4,068.7
2003r	2,549.0	86.1	88.7	915.4	39.6	290.0	3,968.8
2004 <sup>r</sup>	2,555.6	92.5	92.3	952.0	46.2	296.9	4,035.4
2005 <sup>r</sup>	2,474.6	105.7	84.6	927.8	53.5	288.4	3,934.5
2006 <sup>r</sup>	2,393.6	102.9	84.1	958.8	28.8	332.6	3,900.8
2007 <sup>r</sup>	2,434.2	94.6	76.6	971.8	30.7	328.1	3,936.0
2008 <sup>r</sup>	2,080.2	102.4	78.0	936.0	25.6	327.3	3,549.4
2009 <sup>r</sup>	2,062.2	87.0	67.6	802.8	4.7	348.2	3,372.5
2010 <sup>p</sup>	2,090.5	97.0	70.2	800.2	4.2	297.2	3,359.3

 $\textbf{Source:} \ Wiscons in \ Department \ of \ Commerce, \ Bureau \ of \ Petroleum \ Inspection, \ \textit{Report on Petroleum Products Inspected and Delivered to Wiscons in Department \ of \ Commerce, \ Bureau \ of \ Petroleum \ Products \ Inspected \ and \ Delivered \ to \ Wiscons \ in \ Department \ of \ Commerce, \ Bureau \ of \ Petroleum \ Products \ Inspected \ and \ Delivered \ to \ Wiscons \ in \ Petroleum \ Products \ Inspected \ and \ Delivered \ to \ Wiscons \ in \ Petroleum \ Products \ Inspected \ and \ Delivered \ to \ Wiscons \ in \ Petroleum \ Products \ Inspected \ And \ Delivered \ to \ Wiscons \ in \ Petroleum \ Products \ Inspected \ And \ Delivered \ to \ Petroleum \ Products \ Inspected \ And \ Delivered \ to \ Petroleum \ Products \ Inspected \ And \ Petroleum \ Products \ Petroleum \ Petroleum \ Products \ Petroleum \ Products \ Petroleum \ Petroleum$ (1970-1995); Wisconsin Department of Revenue, Collection of Petroleum Inspection Fees (1996-2006) and Fuel Tax Statistical Report (1996-2009); U.S. Department of Energy Form EIA-782C, "Monthly Report of Petroleum Products Sold into States for Consumption" (1983-2009)  $http://www.eia.gov/oil\_gas/petroleum/data\_publications/prime\_supplier\_report/psr\_historical.html.; WI Office of Energy Independence telephone and the contract of the contra$ surveys of airport fixed base operators and railways; unpublished data from the National Agriculture Statistics Service (2005-2009).

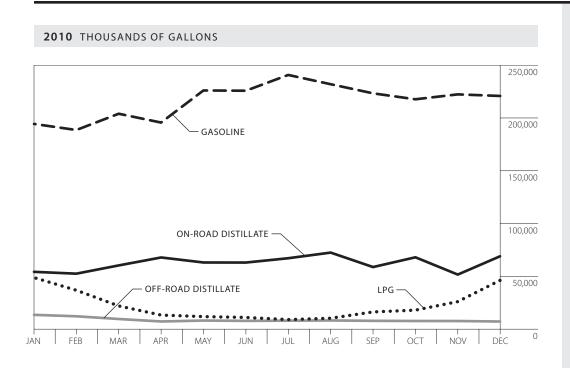
a Includes both vehicle and aviation gasoline.

**b** Does not include the ethanol. Ethanol use in motor gasoline is shown in the Renewable Energy chapter and later in this chapter.

c Liquefied petroleum gas (propane).

**p** Preliminary estimates.

# Petroleum Product Deliveries to Wisconsin, by Month



13,260 11,889 9,316	53,976 52,239 60,062	48,511 36,493	194,034 188,276
,	,	36,493	188,276
9,316	60.062		
	00,002	21,658	203,679
6,964	67,581	13,026	195,321
7,843	62,823	11,589	225,717
7,542	62,767	10,792	225,483
7,722	66,859	8,765	240,409
7,927	72,193	10,041	231,644
7,569	58,486	16,001	223,013
7,429	67,735	17,698	217,372
7,405	51,355	25,742	222,026
6,936	68,722	45,928	220,529
101,802	744,797	266,244	2,587,504
	7,843 7,542 7,722 7,927 7,569 7,429 7,405 6,936	7,843 62,823 7,542 62,767 7,722 66,859 7,927 72,193 7,569 58,486 7,429 67,735 7,405 51,355 6,936 68,722	7,843     62,823     11,589       7,542     62,767     10,792       7,722     66,859     8,765       7,927     72,193     10,041       7,569     58,486     16,001       7,429     67,735     17,698       7,405     51,355     25,742       6,936     68,722     45,928

In general, gasoline sales peaked during the summer vacation months, while deliveries of fuels used for heating (off-road distillate and LPG) peaked during winter months.

Figures will not match the consumption figures in earlier pages in this chapter because deliveries do not always translate to sales during the same time frame.

A map of Wisconsin's petroleum pipelines can be found in the Map Appendix at the back of the book.

Source: Wisconsin Department of Revenue, Monthly Motor Fuel Consumption Report (2008-2010); U.S. Department of Energy, Form EIA-782C, "Monthly Report of Petroleum Products Sold into States for Consumption" (2010)

http://www.eia.gov/oil\_gas/petroleum/data\_publications/prime\_supplier\_report/psr\_historical.html.

a Kerosene, No. 1 and No. 2 fuel oil used for heating and processing, jet fuel and aviation gasoline used for flying. Does not include non-taxed diesel fuel used on farms. Numbers in italics are incomplete data because some data are withheld by the federal Energy Information Administration to protect reporter identification.

**b** On-road diesel fuel sales.

c Liquefied petroleum gas (propane).

**d** Vehicle gasoline sales; does not include aviation gasoline. Includes ethanol.

### Wisconsin Production and Use of Ethanol in Reformulated Gasoline, E10 and E85

**ETHANOL PRODUCTION** 10.2%

In 2010, Wisconsin ethanol production increased 10.2 percent while consumption increased by 7.2 percent over 2009.

The increase in ethanol usage in Wisconsin is related to a number of factors including: major oil companies blending ethanol with gasoline at retail locations to stretch gasoline; retail outlets where E85 is sold are likely to sell E10 at their other pumps; and the overall saturation of Wisconsin's gasoline by ethanol statewide.

Ethanol is one of the few energy sources that Wisconsin exports.

### 1994-2010 THOUSANDS OF GALLONS

		Consumption						
Year	Production	RFG <sup>a</sup>	E10 <sup>b</sup>	E85°	Total			
1994	NA	NA	13,331	9	13,340			
1995	NA	38,048	10,461	17	48,526			
1996	NA	49,784	6,973	36	56,793			
1997	NA	49,460	8,012	54	57,526			
1998	NA	66,571	4,877	58	71,506			
1999	NA	67,400	7,937	63	75,400			
2000	NA	70,724	23,080	43	93,847			
2001	NA	67,449	18,458	32	85,939			
2002	15,529	71,152	17,026	48	88,226			
2003	76,947	77,302	23,536	86	100,924			
2004	106,886	74,816	27,617	106	102,539			
2005 <sup>r</sup>	171,764	73,046	49,191	723	122,960			
2006 <sup>r</sup>	210,386	77,614	50,498	2,302	130,414			
2007 <sup>r</sup>	283,800	69,963	86,472	4,800	161,235			
2008 <sup>r</sup>	447,300	68,047	143,849	5,100	216,996			
2009 <sup>r</sup>	413,348	74,142	150,347	5,200	229,689			
2010 <sup>p</sup>	455,597	77,968	173,351	3,000	254,319			

Source: Wisconsin Department of Revenue; Wisconsin State Energy Office survey of E85 distributors; U.S. Department of Energy, Form EIA-782C, Monthly Report of Petroleum Products Sold into States for Consumption (2010)

http://www.eia.gov/oil\_gas/petroleum/data\_publications/prime\_supplier\_report/psr\_historical.html.

a RFG is reformulated gasoline. Starting January 1, 1995, the federal government mandated its sale in six southeastern Wisconsin counties to comply with the Clean Air Act. Ethanol is used to provide the oxygenate required in RFG. The RFG in this table represents the ethanol in RFG, a very small portion of overall RFG sales in Wisconsin.

**b** E10 is a motor fuel blend consisting of 10 percent ethanol and 90 percent conventional gasoline (non RFG).

c E85 is a motor fuel consisting of 85 percent ethanol and 15 percent gasoline.

**p** Preliminary.

r Revised.

NA – Not available.

## Wisconsin Liquefied Petroleum Gas Use, by Economic Sector

#### 1970-2010 MILLIONS OF GALLONS AND PERCENT OF TOTAL

Year	Resid	dential	Comr	nercial	Indu	ıstrial	Agricı	ıltural <sup>a</sup>	Transpo	ortation	Total
1970	190.9	70.9%	23.8	8.8%	28.2	10.5%	26.2	9.7%	NA	0.0%	269.1
1975	176.5	64.7%	36.5	13.4%	29.5	10.8%	30.1	11.0%	NA	0.0%	272.6
1980	176.3	66.7%	33.5	12.7%	17.5	6.6%	36.9	14.0%	NA	0.0%	264.2
1985	158.2	65.5%	29.4	12.2%	19.3	8.0%	34.6	14.3%	NA	0.0%	241.5
1990	162.1	62.3%	36.5	14.0%	35.7	13.7%	25.9	10.0%	NA	0.0%	260.2
1995	203.8	62.9%	48.0	14.8%	35.0	10.8%	30.9	9.5%	6.1	1.9%	323.8
1996	219.5	61.3%	51.7	14.4%	43.9	12.3%	36.8	10.3%	6.0	1.7%	357.9
1997	210.3	63.2%	48.7	14.6%	35.0	10.5%	33.1	9.9%	5.8	1.7%	332.9
1998	183.5	64.2%	42.4	14.8%	30.1	10.5%	24.2	8.5%	5.7	2.0%	285.9
1999	197.9	64.3%	45.8	14.9%	31.3	10.2%	27.6	9.0%	5.1	1.7%	307.7
2000	211.0	66.5%	47.2	14.9%	28.7	9.0%	25.3	8.0%	5.3	1.7%	317.5
2001r	204.0	66.7%	45.8	15.0%	28.3	9.2%	23.5	7.7%	4.6	1.5%	306.1
2002	213.1	67.7%	47.6	15.1%	26.0	8.3%	24.0	7.6%	4.0	1.3%	314.7
2003r	198.9	68.6%	43.7	15.1%	20.7	7.1%	22.8	7.9%	3.8	1.3%	290.0
2004 <sup>r</sup>	203.2	68.5%	44.7	15.1%	21.2	7.1%	24.1	8.1%	3.7	1.2%	296.9
2005 <sup>r</sup>	198.5	68.8%	43.6	15.1%	20.7	7.2%	22.6	7.8%	3.0	1.0%	288.4
2006 <sup>r</sup>	228.3	68.6%	50.2	15.1%	23.8	7.1%	27.1	8.1%	3.2	1.0%	332.6
2007r	224.6	68.5%	49.4	15.1%	23.4	7.1%	28.3	8.6%	2.3	0.7%	328.1
2008 <sup>r</sup>	221.2	67.6%	48.7	14.9%	23.1	7.1%	31.8	9.7%	2.5	0.8%	327.3
2009 <sup>r</sup>	232.6	66.8%	51.2	14.7%	24.3	7.0%	37.8	10.9%	2.2	0.6%	348.2
2010 <sup>p</sup>	201.0	67.6%	44.2	14.9%	21.0	7.1%	28.7	9.7%	2.2	0.8%	297.2

**LPG USE** 

Liquefied petroleum gas (LPG), (propane), use decreased 14.6 percent in 2010.

Agriculture sector numbers do not include agricultural processing plants; these are classified in the commercial sector.

NA – Not available.

Source: U.S. Department of Energy, Form EIA-25, "Prime Supplier's Monthly Report" (1974-2010) and Form EIA-782C,

"Monthly Report of Petroleum Products Sold into States for Consumption" (1983-2010)

 $http://www.eia.gov/oil\_gas/petroleum/data\_publications/prime\_supplier\_report/psr\_historical.html; National Agricultural Statistics Service, and the statistics of the statis$ unpublished data (2005-2010); Wisconsin Department of Revenue, Monthly Motor Fuel Consumption Report (2008-2010).

a Starting with 2005 data, the SEO discontinued a per-acre approach to gathering fuel data for the agriculture sector and substituted data from the Wisconsin Department of Revenue and from the federal National Agriculture Statistics Service (NASS).

**p** Preliminary estimates.